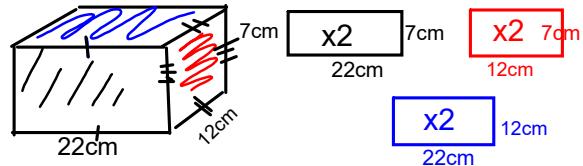


L'aire de la surface total d'un objet est la somme des aires de ses faces.

## Prisme rectangulaire

1) Dessin et le développement (avec unités)



$$2) \text{ (plan)} \quad AST = 2 \times A_{\square} + 2 \times A_{\square} + 2 \times A_{\square}$$

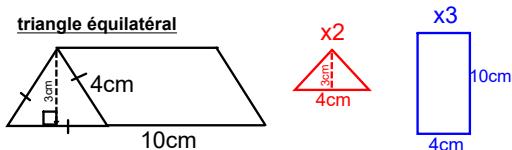
$$3) \text{(formule)} \quad AST = 2 \times b \times h + 2 \times b \times h + 2 \times b \times h$$

$$4) \text{(travail)} \quad AST = 2 \times 22 \text{cm} \times 7 \text{cm} + 2 \times 12 \text{cm} \times 7 \text{cm} + 2 \times 22 \text{cm} \times 12 \text{cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4) \text{ (réponse)} \quad AST &= 308 \text{cm}^2 + 168 \text{cm}^2 + 528 \text{cm}^2 \\ &= 1004 \text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

## prisme à base triangulaire

La forme du triangle décide combien de différents rectangles il y a dans la prisme.



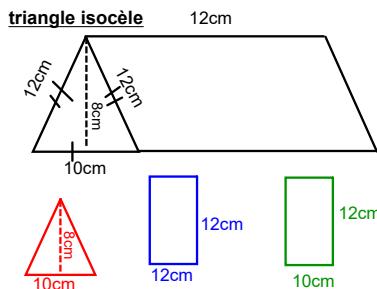
$$AST = 2 \times A_{\triangle} + 3 \times A_{\square}$$

$$AST = 2 \times b \times h \div 2 + 3 \times b \times h$$

$$AST = 2 \times 4 \text{cm} \times 3 \text{cm} \div 2 + 3 \times 4 \text{cm} \times 10 \text{cm}$$

$$AST = 12 \text{cm}^2 + 120 \text{cm}^2$$

$$AST = 132 \text{cm}^2$$



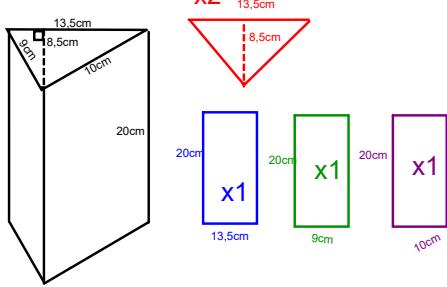
$$AST = 2 \times A_{\triangle} + 2 \times A_{\square} + 1 \times A_{\square}$$

$$AST = 2 \times b \times h \div 2 + 2 \times b \times h + b \times h$$

$$AST = 2 \times 10 \text{cm} \times 8 \text{cm} \div 2 + 2 \times 12 \text{cm} \times 12 \text{cm} + 10 \text{cm} \times 12 \text{cm}$$

$$AST = 80 \text{cm}^2 + 288 \text{cm}^2 + 120 \text{cm}^2$$

$$AST = 488 \text{cm}^2$$

triangle scalène

$$\begin{aligned} \text{AST} &= 2 \times A_{\triangle} + 1 \times A_{\text{rectangle}} + 1 \times A_{\text{rectangle}} + 1 \times A_{\text{rectangle}} \\ \text{AST} &= 2 \times b \times h + 2 + b \times h + b \times h + b \times h \\ \text{AST} &= 2 \times 13.5 \text{cm} \times 8.5 \text{cm} + 2 + 13.5 \text{cm} \times 20 \text{cm} + 9 \text{cm} \times 20 \text{cm} + 10 \text{cm} \times 20 \text{cm} \\ \text{AST} &= 114.75 \text{cm}^2 + 270 \text{cm}^2 + 180 \text{cm}^2 + 200 \text{cm}^2 \\ \text{AST} &= 764.75 \text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Cylindre

$$\begin{aligned} \text{AST}_{\text{cylindre}} &= 2 \times A_{\text{circle}} + A_{\text{rectangle}} \\ \text{AST} &= 2 \times \pi \times r \times r + b \times h \\ \text{AST} &= 2 \times 3.14 \times 10 \text{cm} \times 10 \text{cm} + 62.8 \text{cm} \times 20 \text{cm} \\ \text{AST} &= 628 \text{cm}^2 + 1256 \text{cm}^2 \\ \text{AST} &= 1884 \text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$C = \pi \times d \quad A = \pi \times r^2 \text{ ou } \pi \times r \times r$$

## Attachments

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Triangle, comment trouver l'aire.notebook